

Helmholtz-Institut Mainz

Strangeness Nuclear Physics at PANDA

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- PANDA at FAIR will address physics of strangeness in nuclei by several novel measurements
- Possible by combination of stored antiproton beam at FAIR and modular PANDA detector
- Combined with large cross sections for production of associated hyperon-anti-hyperon pairs \rightarrow rather high luminosities even with very thin primary targets
- To explore relative nuclear potentials of baryons and antibaryons \rightarrow study of average transverse momentum asymmetry as a function of longitudinal momentum asymmetry
- Demonstrated by a simulation for 0.85 GeV antiproton - Ne-20 interactions using different scaling factors of antibaryon-potentials

Dedicated Set-up for Hyperatoms and Hypernuclei

In addition to general purpose PANDA setup, hypernuclear and hyperatom studies require dedicated primary target to





produce E hyperons

high purity germanium

(HPGe) array for γ-

spectroscopy

ii)

iii)

secondary target for stopping

low-momentum Ξ hyperons

> PANGEA hodoscope of HPGe triple detectors at backward angles

Secondary targets placed close to beam-line to reach maximum stopping probability for short-lived hyperons

X-rays from Heavy Hyperatoms

Strongly interacting, negatively charged particles in orbit with significant overlap with nucleus \rightarrow intensity of X-ray transition will be reduced by strong nuclear capture \rightarrow energy levels will be shifted and broadened with respect to pure e.m. situation



Shifts, widths, and relative yields influenced by strong interaction may be expressed in terms of real and imaginary parts of optical potential as illustrated for Ξ - Pb-208 system

constrain neutron skin of lead nuclei

> PANDA is a versatile experiment with a broad and unique physics program > Strangeness nuclear physics is embedded in the quest for the EOS of dense stellar systems > Hypernuclei and hyperatoms are unique femto-laboratories for strong interaction studies